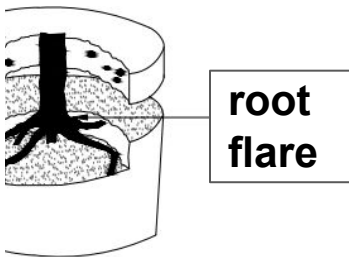
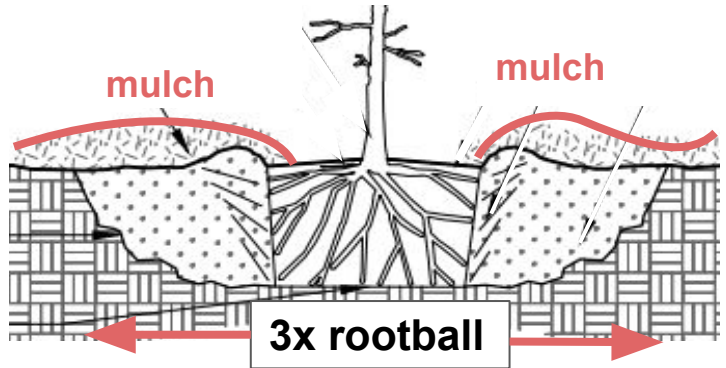


Tree Planting: 7+ gal Container

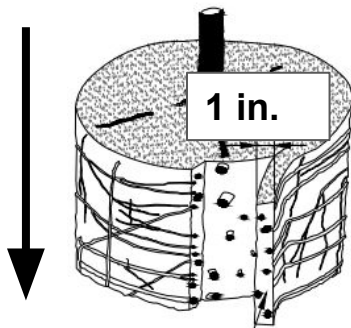
1. Find the root flare. Remove excess soil to expose the root flare and create a level surface.



2. Dig a *wide* and *shallow* hole. Width: Hole should be 3x the width of the root ball. Depth: Root flare should be planted at or slightly above ground level.



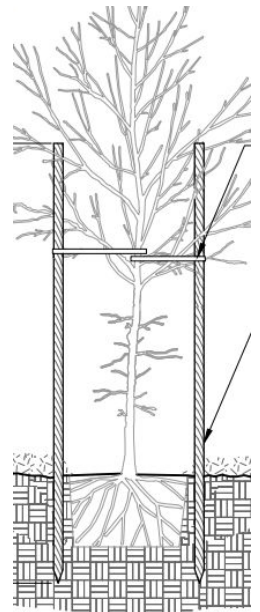
3. Prune off any circling roots by shaving 1 inch off of the root ball. Remove any roots circling around the trunk.



5. Mulch wide, to the dripline if possible. Keep mulch *away* from the trunk. Mulch should be 2" - 4" deep. Create a berm to catch rain water.

6. Stake the tree *if necessary*. Use stakes and a flexible material like arbortie. Staking material should be removed after one year.

7. Water slowly. Continue every day for two weeks, than once per week or more as needed during drought.

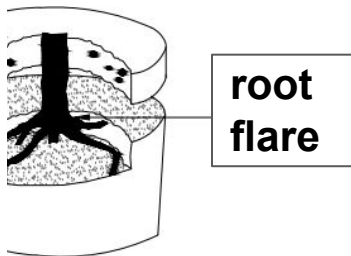


4. Straighten the tree. Backfill with original soil to $\frac{2}{3}$ full. In the top $\frac{1}{3}$ section, mix in 10% - 20% of soil amendment or topsoil. Gently tamp down the soil around the rootball to ensure stability.

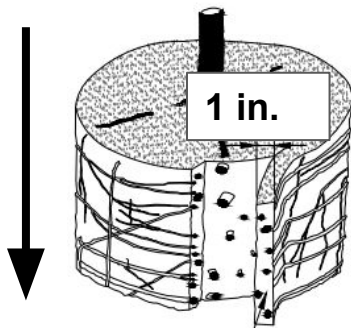
Note: The best time to plant trees in South Carolina is between October and March, when trees are dormant. Make sure to call 811 before digging.

Tree Planting: 15 gal Container

1. Find the root flare. Remove excess soil to expose the root flare and create a level surface.

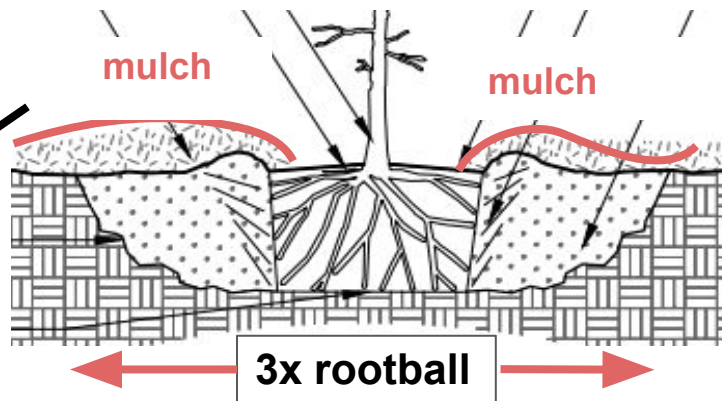


3. Prune off any circling roots by shaving 1 inch off of the root ball. Remove any roots circling around the trunk.



4. Straighten the tree. Backfill with original soil to $\frac{2}{3}$ full. In the top $\frac{1}{3}$ section, mix in 10% - 20% of topsoil and mycorrhizae. Gently tamp down the soil around the rootball to ensure stability.

2. Dig a *wide* and *shallow* hole. Width: Hole should be 3x the width of the root ball. Depth: Root flare should be planted at or slightly above ground level.

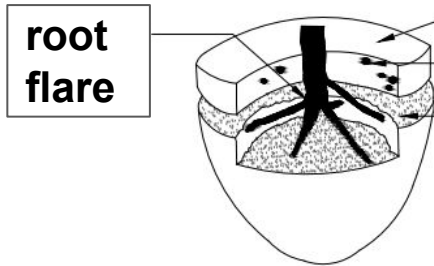


5. Mulch wide (at least 2 feet), to the dripline if possible. Keep mulch *away* from the trunk. Mulch should be 2" - 4" deep. Create a berm to catch rain water.

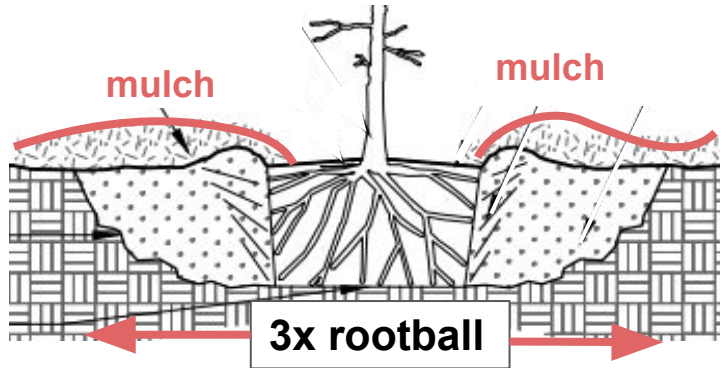
6. Use 1 full bucket (about 5 gallons) to water the tree. Water slowly!

Tree Planting: Ball & Burlap

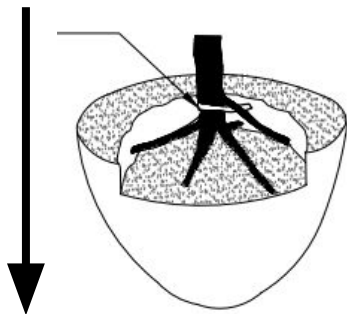
1. Find the root flare. Peel back burlap and remove excess soil to expose the root flare.



2. Dig a *wide* and *shallow* hole. Width: Hole should be 3x the width of the root ball. Depth: Root flare should be planted at or slightly above ground level.

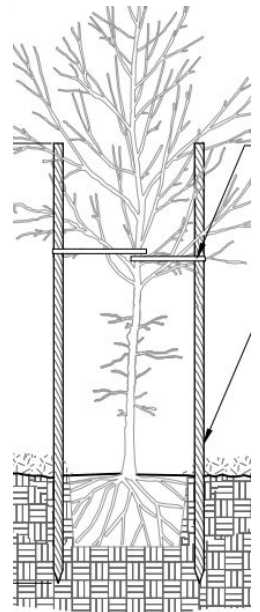


3. Gently roll root ball near or into hole. Remove wire and burlap while keeping root ball intact. Remove any roots circling around the trunk.



5. Mulch wide, to the dripline if possible. Keep mulch *away* from the trunk. Mulch should be 2" - 4" deep. Create a berm to catch rain water.

6. Stake the tree *if necessary*. Use stakes and a flexible material like arbortie. Staking material should be removed after one year.



4. Straighten the tree in the hole. Backfill with original soil to $\frac{2}{3}$ full. In the top $\frac{1}{3}$ section, mix in 10% - 20% of soil amendment or topsoil. Gently tamp down the soil around the rootball to ensure stability.

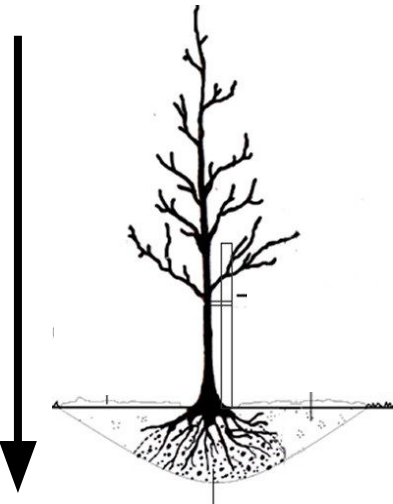
7. Water slowly. Continue every day for two weeks, than once per week or more as needed during drought.

Note: The best time to plant trees in South Carolina is between October and March, when trees are dormant. Make sure to call 811 before digging.

Tree Planting: Bare Root

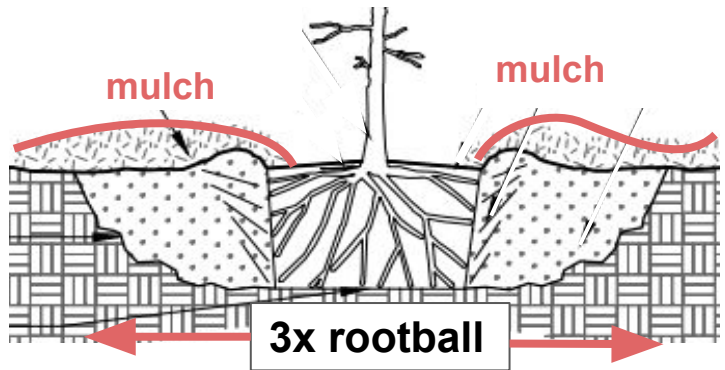
1. Soak tree roots in water for 3-6 hours.

3. Build a mound at the base of the hole and spread out the roots across the mound. Make sure the root flare is at ground level. Remove any roots circling around the trunk.



4. Straighten the tree. Backfill with original soil to $\frac{2}{3}$ full. Pack the soil around roots. In the top $\frac{1}{3}$ section, mix in 10% - 20% of soil amendment or topsoil. Gently tamp down the soil around the rootball to ensure stability.

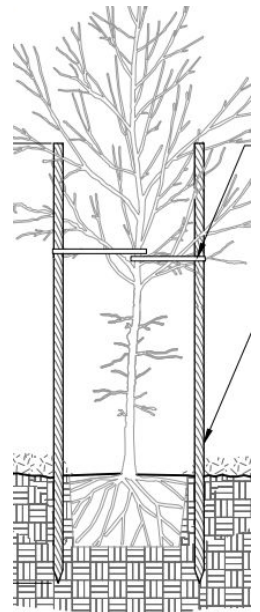
2. Dig a *wide* and *shallow* hole. Width: Hole should be 3x the width of the root ball. Depth: Root flare should be planted at or slightly above ground level.



5. Mulch wide, at least two feet, to the dripline if possible. Keep mulch *away* from the trunk. Mulch should be 2" - 4" deep. Create a berm to catch rain water.

6. Stake the tree. Use stakes and a flexible material like arbortie. Staking material should be removed after one year.

7. Water slowly. Continue every day for two weeks, than once per week or more as needed during drought.



Note: The best time to plant trees in South Carolina is between October and March, when trees are dormant. Make sure to call 811 before digging.